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# Heimdali Documentation

*Release 0.0.1*

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Heimdali is a set of commmand line tools to perform Image processing tools, based on ITK and HDF5



## 1.1 Installation

The recommended way to install **Heimdali** is using the [Conda](#) package manager.

### 1.1.1 *Conda* installation

Download the Python 2.7 version of *miniconda* corresponding to your platform from <http://conda.pydata.org/miniconda.html>

Execute the downloaded file: this will install the [Conda](#) package manager.

Add the *dfroger binstar* channel to your config:

```
conda config --add channels https://conda.binstar.org/dfroger
```

### 1.1.2 Heimdali installation

Install the *heimdali* package in a environment called *heim* or whather name you want:

```
conda create -n heim heimdali
```

Activate the environment:

```
source activate heim
```

Your are ready to use **Heimdali**.

### 1.1.3 Test Heimdali installation

Download some input data to test:

```
git clone https://github.com/dfroger/heimdali-data
```

Execute the *par* command:

```
par heimdali-data/imtest_z5_y4_x3_c2.h5
```

### 1.1.4 Heimdali update

You can update **Heimdali** when a new version is released:

```
conda update heimdali
```

You may also want to keep the currently installed **Heimdali** version, and install a new version in another *Conda* environment:

```
conda create -n heim0.1 heimdali==0.1.0
```

You can now switch between the two version of **Heimdali**:

```
source activate heim
```

or

```
source activate heim0.1
```

## 1.2 Format options

These are options describing the image format. There are used each time an image is created.

option	description
-z N	Number of planes
-y N	Number of lines
-x N	Number of pixel per line
-v N	Number of value per pixel
-r	Floating point values

## 1.3 h5toinr

**h5toinr** convert an *HDF5* image into *INRimage* image.

### 1.3.1 Synopsis

```
h5toinr  [--] [--version] [-h] <inputFilename> <outputFilename>
```

## 1.4 inrtoh5

**inrtoh5** convert an *INRimage* image into *HDF5* image.

### 1.4.1 Synopsis

```
inrtoh5  [--] [--version] [-h] <inputFilename> <outputFilename>
```



## 1.5 par

**par** prints format parameters of images.

### 1.5.1 Synopsis

```
par  [--wr <output.txt>] [--x0] [--y0] [--z0] [-o] [-x] [-y] [-z] [--]
     [--version] [-h] <INPUT> ...
```

### 1.5.2 Description

**par** print on *stdout* in the file *outout.txt*, the format parameters of iamges given as arguments.

The `--wr` options can be given the special file names *stdout* and *stderr*. If the file name *output.txt* starts with `>>`, result are written at the end of the file.

If one or more options `-x0 -y0 -z0 -x -y -z` is given, **par** print the corresponding parameters, in the *Format options*. This allow to use **par** in command subsitution, as for example:

```
create image-copy.h5 `par -x -y image.h5` -r
```

If no options are given, all format parameters are printed for all images on argument.

## 1.6 tpr

**tpr** prints the pixel values of a image subregion

### 1.6.1 Synopsis

```
tpr  [-x <NX>] [-y <NY>] [-z <NZ>] [-i <IX>] [-j <IY>] [-k <IZ>] [--]
     [--version] [-h] <IMAGE> ...
```

### 1.6.2 Description

**tpr** prints on standard output pixel values of *IMAGE* given in argument.

option	description
-ix, -iy, -iz	Index (counted from 0) of the subregion
-x, -y, -z	Size (counted from 0) of the subregion

## 1.7 Arithmetic operations

Arithmetic operations between two images element by element.

### 1.7.1 Synopsis

```
ad image0-in image1-in [image-out]
so image0-in image1-in [image-out]
mu image0-in image1-in [image-out]
di image0-in image1-in [image-out]
min image0-in image1-in [image-out]
max image0-in image1-in [image-out]
```

### 1.7.2 Description

All of these commands perform an operation between *image0-in* and *image1-in* and write result to *image-out*. If argument *image0-in* or *image1-in* is equal to -, the command reads on standard input. If argument *image-out* is absent, the command writes to standard output.

command	description
ad	Add two images
so	Subtract two images
mu	Multiply two images
div	Divide two images
min	Compute minimum of two images
max	Compute maximum of two images

All operation are performed on pixels element by element.

### 1.7.3 See also

See also *Local arithmetic operations*.

## 1.8 Local arithmetic operations

### 1.8.1 Synopsis

```
bi -n value [image-in] [image-out]
sc -n coeff [image-in] [image-out]
sd -n coeff [image-in] [image-out]
lo value [image-in] [image-out]
exp [image-in] [image-out]
ra [image-in] [image-out]
sba -n threshold [image-in] [image-out]
sha -n threshold [image-in] [image-out]
mb -n threshold [image-in] [image-out]
mh -n threshold [image-in] [image-out]
mo [image-in] [image-out]
car [image-in] [image-out]
vb -n threshold value [image-in] [image-out]
vh -n threshold value [image-in] [image-out]
```

### 1.8.2 Description

All of these commands perform an operation on *image-in* (which can be of any type), and write result in *image-out*.

*image-in* and *image-out* must have the same dimension.

If argument *image-in* is absent or equal to -, the command reads on standard input.

If argument *image-out* is absent, the command writes on standard output.

Values passed with *-n* are *float*.

command	description
bi	Add <i>value</i> to each pixel.
sc	Multiply each pixel by <i>coeff</i> .
sd	Divided each pixel by <i>coeff</i> .
lo	Compute logarithm of each pixel.
exp	Compute exponential of each pixel.
ra	Compute square root of each pixel.
sba	Every pixel inferior or equal to <i>threshold</i> is replaced by <i>threshold</i> .
sha	Every pixel greater or equal to <i>threshold</i> is replaced by <i>threshold</i> .
mb	Every pixel inferior or equal to <i>threshold</i> is replaced by 1 and others by 0.
mh	Every pixel greater or equal to <i>threshold</i> is replaced by 1 and others by 0.
mo	Compute each pixel modulo
car	Compute each pixel square
vb	Every pixel inferior or equal to <i>threshold</i> is replaced by <i>value</i> .
vh	Every pixel greater or equal to <i>threshold</i> is replaced by <i>value</i> .

## 1.9 cco

**cco** change pixel type of image

### 1.9.1 Synopsis

```
cco  [--] [--version] [-h] <inputFilename> <outputFilename>
```

### 1.9.2 Description

*cco* convert *IMAGE-IN* into *IMAGE-OUT*.

## 1.10 extg

**extg** extract a image subregion

### 1.10.1 Synopsis

```
extg  [-x <NX>] [-y <NY>] [-z <NZ>] [-i <IX>] [-j <IY>] [-k <IZ>] [--]
      [--version] [-h] <FILE-IN> <FILE-OUT>
```

## 1.10.2 Description

**extg** extract a subregion in *FILE-IN* and write it in *FILE-OUT*.

option	description
-ix, -iy, -iz	Index (counted from 0) of the subregion
-x, -y, -z	Size (counted from 0) of the subregion

## 1.11 raz

**raz** Fill an image with zero values

### 1.11.1 Synopsis

```
raz  [-x <NX>] [-y <NY>] [-z <NZ>] [-i <IX>] [-j <IY>] [-k <IZ>] [--]
      [--version] [-h] <IMAGE> ...
```

### 1.11.2 Description

**raz** fill the image *IMAGE* given in arguments with zero values.

option	description
-x, -y, -z	Size (counted from 0) of the subregion

## 1.12 melg

**melg** mix two images, testing on pixel values.

### 1.12.1 Synopsis

```
melg  [--idv <IDV>] [--idx <IDX>] [--idy <IDY>] [--idz <IDZ>] [--ivo
      <IXO>] [--ixo <IXO>] [--iyo <IYO>] [--izo <IZO>] [--ivi <IXI>]
      [--ixi <IXI>] [--iyi <IYI>] [--izi <IZI>] [--] [--version] [-h]
      <IMAGE-IN> <IMAGE-OUT>
```

### 1.12.2 Description

**melg** replace pixels of a subregion *IMAGE-OUT* with pixels of *IMAGE-IN*.

option	description
-ixi, -iyi, -izi	Index (counted from 0) of <i>IMAGE-IN</i> subregion
-ixo, -iyo, -izo	Index (counted from 0) of <i>IMAGE-OUT</i> subregion
-idx, -idy, -idz	Size of subregion

## 1.13 fzoom

**fzoom** enlarge or reduce an iamge.

### 1.13.1 Synopsis

```
fzoom  [--sc <X>]  [--]  [--version]  [-h]  <IMAGE-IN>  <IMAGE-OUT>
```

### 1.13.2 Description

*fzoom* increase or reduce the size of an image by lineary interpolation.



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## Heimdali API

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**Community**

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## Developer guide

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### 4.1 Build Heimdali in development mode

Create a *conda* environment named *heimdali-dev* containing all dependencies:

```
conda config --add channels http://conda.binstar.org/dfroger
conda create -n heimdali-dev h5unixpipe itk-heimdali inrimage tclap cmake pip
```

Install lettuce:

```
source activate heimdali-dev
hash -r
pip install lettuce
```

Get Heimdali data files, and set *HEIMDALI\_DATA\_DIR*:

```
git clone https://github.com/dfroger/heimdali-data
export HEIMDALI_DATA_DIR=/path/to/heimdali-data
```

Build heimdali:

variable	meaning
<i>CONDA_ENV_PATH</i>	For example, <i>~/miniconda/envs/heimdali</i>
<i>CMAKE_PREFIX_PATH</i>	Where <i>CMake</i> will search for dependent libraries
<i>..</i>	Path to Heimdali main CMakeLists.txt

```
mkdir build
cd build
source activate heimdali-dev
CONDA_ENV_PATH=$(conda info -e | grep '*' | tr -s ' ' | cut -d" " -f3)
cmake -DCMAKE_PREFIX_PATH=$CONDA_ENV_PATH ..
make
```

Add path to the built executables:

```
cd build
export PATH=$PWD/cmd:$PATH
```

Execute the functional tests:

```
cd tests
lettuce
```



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## Indices and tables

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- *genindex*
- *modindex*
- *search*